

The evidence for has been put together from several different candidates.

## Conclusions and recommendations example 1

### TOPIC – WHAT ARE THE EFFECTS OF AN AGEING POPULATION ON THE UK ECONOMY?

#### Conclusion

[ In conclusion, the UK's ageing population has resulted in increased public spending and is set to rise further. The government has to cut spending for other services – which may compromise their quality – to manage the cost and, since pensioners do not pay taxes, a greater strain is placed on taxpayers to pay for services. ] <sup>CONCLUSION</sup>

[ The government can reduce these harms by increasing the participation rate of over 65s. This can happen by retraining older workers to make them more employable. ] <sup>RECOMMENDATION</sup> **1C**

[ People's income will increase and this will become less reliant on the Government for financial support. ] <sup>JUSTIFICATION</sup> **1R**

[ Furthermore their standard of living will increase. ] <sup>RECOMMENDATION</sup> **1R DEV**

[ To reduce the strain on taxpayers, the government can encourage immigration of young workers. If the number of young workers increases, then the old age support ratio will decrease and taxes may not have to increase. ] <sup>JUSTIFICATION</sup> **1R**

## Conclusions and recommendations example 2

### TOPIC – WOULD LOWERING INCOME TAX AND CORPORATION TAX INCREASE THE UK'S GDP?

#### CONCLUSIONS/RECOMMENDATIONS

[ I recommend that corporation Tax should be lowered to 0% as firms would be able to re-invest profits into expanding their business and this would increase employment. ] <sup>RECOMMENDATION</sup> **1R**

[ I also recommend that income tax should be significantly lowered, especially for lower incomes who will spend a higher proportion of their savings. The lower tax will then allow individuals to spend more and increase the total demand and therefore boost businesses in the UK and would create growth. ] <sup>JUSTIFICATION</sup> **1R**

[ I also recommend that the Government decrease spending to anticipate the short-term potential deficit caused by a decrease in tax revenue. This may be necessary so as not to create new problems during the interim in which the tax cut benefits will occur as investment and expansion takes some time. ] <sup>RECOMMENDATION</sup> **1R**

### Conclusions and recommendations example 3 TOPIC - THE IMPACT OF BREXIT ON IMMIGRATION?

#### Conclusion

[ In conclusion, so far the impact of Brexit on immigration has been a quite negative one although losses aren't very noticeable. The jobs that were filled in by immigrants were jobs that UK born are either unskilled for or they were not willing to do them now that many workers have left big business and services like NHS are experiencing troubles trying to fill in jobs that the workers left.] **1C**

Also an article by the Telegraph [Appendix 7] states that by 2030 up 700 million jobs would be taken over by robots, this would have a negative impact on the British economy because so many jobs would be lost, affecting not only immigrants but UK born as well.

[ Businesses are losing people from the EU who are not only highly skilled but are also young and willing. I think the government should try and stay in the single market because it allows mobility of workers or set up and appropriate and useful immigration policy that would help the economy and the next generation of workers; something that would attract workers from either the EU or the rest of the world.] **1R**