

Candidate 3

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1.	<p>nurture can influence the development of an individual as it focuses on an individuals surroundings and the people around them. They may pick up traits and habits from these people, these could be negative. e.g if a childs mother does not interact with them, this could impact their speech and they may need speech therapy later in life.</p>
2a)	<p>The Carl Rogers person-centred theory is based on an individual and their care. This includes their care plan and what the process involves. For example, an elderly woman may want to have her</p>

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care provided in her home because it holds all her memories and this is where she feels most comfortable. Carers will need to ensure this is in place and that she is happy with everything in her plan and allow her to make any changes. It all focuses on the individual's needs and what they want.

b. Wanting to be cared for at home may help a carer understand the individual not leaving her home because she feels safe there and because no-one may take her out, she may not

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3.	

socialise very well.

3. one phase of murray parkes theory of loss is numbness.

This is when they cannot believe the cause behind their loss was actually happened, for example, the death of a relative they may try to pretend the relative is alive and nothing has changed.

Another phase is pining and this is when an individual will try and ~~get~~ find what they lost. They will try to revive memories and surround themselves with things that bring back feelings they had surrounding this

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	person.	
4.	primary socialisation is your inner circle family. Family are often with an individual during the first few stages of life and therefore they are the ones they communicate with and learn how to socialise with.	
5a)	symbolic interactionism is when you are surrounded by people doing a certain thing that distract them from the people around them and impact their development and how they behave.	
b)	This influence may pressure	

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	<p>melissa into joining in with her friends so that she won't feel left out. This may make melissa not only uncomfortable, but it may impact her development of her liver. This could also impact her relationship with her parents as it is underage drinking. melissa could also become addicted.</p>	
6.	<p>one difference between conflict theory and functionalism is that conflict theory focuses on individuals not being able to receive the same level of care as another because they have more/less money.</p>	

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	functionalism focuses on how we, as a society, all work together to keep things going, and if one aspect is changed, everything changes. Conflict theory doesn't agree with this as it focuses on money and power.
7a)	one principle of the health and social care standards is that they must protect the individual from any harm. This may be getting them therapy or being a live-in carer to ensure they don't hurt themselves or anyone else.
	Another principle is that they must

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	<p>ensure the individual feels safe in their care. This means that they shouldn't feel unsafe in their care and that they should make sure the care individual is comfortable.</p>
	<p>b) This underpins a positive environment as they will feel that they are are comfortable space with the care that they are receiving and they are getting a care plan suited to their needs.</p>
	<p>8a) "must feel involved". This code of practice focuses on the individual making sure they are happy with their care</p>

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plan and that they are able to voice anything they are unhappy about

b) This ensures that care workers are responsible for their own practice as they need to take it upon themselves to make sure the individual is happy and allows the care to be surrounded around them and not what suits the carer.

9. One piece of legislation can give an individual rights and choices as it all surrounds the individual and their care and every piece allows and

