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	<p> Hecuba, once the Queen of Troy, was fated to be a slave to Odysseus. This shows how the greek didn't care that she was once this respected woman. However, she was ^{also} forced to deal with the destruction of her home, the death of her husband and sons. She is forced to witness the treatment of her daughter Cassandra ^{and Andromache}. Andromache ^{Andromache} was ^{was} then to find out her daughter Polyxena was sacrificed to Achilles. Therefore, although Hecuba's treatment alone isn't unexpected or drastic, she is forced to watch the women in her family be treated arguably much worse. Therefore, shows that it is in fact very bleak for Hecuba, but also fairly realistic as these men are the enemy. </p>
	<p> Moreover, Cassandra was depicted as a man prophet. However she knew they would </p>

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fall, she also knew that she would become the ~~only~~ concubine to Agamemnon, she realised this would come at their downfall, and his jealous wife would kill them both, so she accepted her fate. She was also believed to have been raped by the Greeks during the sacking of the city. This is clearly an upsetting conclusion for Cassandra, however it was fairly justified and she ~~managed~~ ^{helped} the brutal and selfish Agamemnon be killed. Therefore, help to bring about the idea of a 'realistic conclusion' to the Iliad. As Agamemnon's actions during it were ~~not~~ bound to cause him to have a great downfall.

Moreover Helen was returned to her husband Menelaus, who starts off saying that he will kill her. Then says he will take her

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	<p>home because so that she can show unfaithful wives what will happen, he will kill her there. However, in the end he does not kill Helen, which is actually fairly unrealistic as she was unfaithful. However she is instead blamed by the other women for starting the war. And is therefore still having to deal with much abuse from everyone.</p>
	<p>Andromache, was has had to deal with many hardships. The brutal death of her husband, then to be given as a prize to her husband's killer's son. She cannot mourn and give her child a great life like Hector wanted. Andromache, is told by Hecuba to please her new master as she can have hope in her son. Andromache However, her son is the only boy left of the royal blood line, therefore he is fated to have</p>

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<p>a short life. that Greek Odysseus decide decides it that he should to die. Therefore leaving Andromache Andromache with not hope and nothing to be happy about. This on the one hand is clearly for theatrical development, it however is fairly realistic as ^{as} the Greeks would have wanted to completely destroy any ^{any} lineage. Also the fact that she is given to Achilles' son, shows that the Greeks were honouring Achilles as was a great hero and warrior.</p>	
<p>In conclusion, the statement 'Trojan women is a bleak but realistic conclusion to the story told in the Iliad' is or largely a valid statement. As these women would be not have been well respected by the Greek forces, particularly Hecuba, Cassandra and</p>	

